

Best Practices in UI Claims Management and UI Appeals Representation

2016 National UI Issues Conference

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Agenda



- Best Practices Before the Unemployment Claim
- UI Claims Best Practices
 - General Best Practices
 - Separation Reason Specific Best Practices
- UI Hearings Best Practices
 - Preparation
 - At the Hearing

Best Practices Before the UI Claim



Establish and Practice Good HR Policies

- Good hiring practices less turnover fewer UI claims!
- Perform job evaluations on a regular basis
- Utilize probationary periods to minimize UI exposure
- Provide employees work rules/handbooks & obtain acknowledgements
- Conduct exit interviews
- Obtain resignation letters when possible
- Document all warnings or coaching whether verbal or written



Best Practices Before the UI Claim



Understand the Impact of the Base Period

- Why can claims go back 18 months?
- Good documentation helps fading memories!



Finish the paperwork at time of separation

Even on Job Abandonment cases

General UI Claims Best Practices



- Participate in UI SIDES
 - Either through a TPA or though employer eResponse
- Provide timely, detailed, and thorough responses
- Be specific as to the separation reason, focus on the final incident
- Who makes the eligibility decision
 - Employer or State Workforce Agency?

UI SIDES

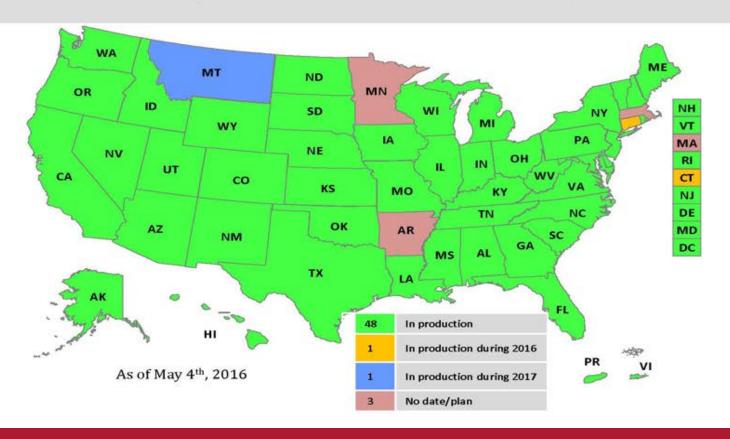




UI State Information Data Exchange System (SIDES) Separation Information Exchange

Multi-State Third Party Administrators and Employers

Equifax ADP St. Louis Employers Edge Personnel Planners Thomas & Company Caterpillar Corporate Cost Control Intelligent Employee Solutions ADP New Hampshire AZ Labor Force People Systems Ernst and Young Premier Employee Solutions **Dunn Corporate Resources** Barnett Associates Sedgwick CMS





Focus on Three Types of Separations:

The state unemployment agency will ask..."Was continuing work available?"

Voluntary quit

- Employee Initiated Separation
- Continued Work Available

Discharge

- Employer Initiated Separation
- Continued Work Available

Lack of work

- Employer Initiated Separation
- Continued Work NOT Available





UI Benefits for a Voluntary Quit?

The burden of proof is the responsibility of the claimant to show:

- 1. Serious, compelling reason for quitting
- 2. No alternative to quitting
- 3. Everything possible was done to protect employment before quitting

In other words, there must have been good cause and a compelling reason for quitting work in order to receive unemployment benefits.



Possible Good Causes for Quitting:

- Poor working conditions
- Substantial drop in wage/benefits
- Change In duties
- Illness or injury doctor recommended
- Other employment that fell through
- No job after leave of absence





Not a good cause for Voluntarily Quitting:

- Dissatisfied with job/supervisor
- Looking for other work
- Staying home with family
- Job abandonment





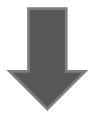
Best Practices for Voluntary Quits:

- Request a Resignation Letter
- Finish paperwork at the time of separation
- Win Win possibilities in many states
 - But not generally for reimbursable employers
- Remember A Quit in Lieu of a Discharge IS a Discharge



The Key to Discharge Separations:

 The burden of proof is with the employer to prove with clear and convincing evidence that the employee was discharged for misconduct



A deliberate and willful disregard for the employer's best interests

Examples of "Misconduct"

- Violation of known company rules
- Absence within claimant's control
- Tardiness within claimant's control
- Insubordination refusal of direct order
- Poor work performance yet was capable
- Misappropriation/mishandling of funds, merchandise or property
- Under influence of drugs/alcohol at work





What is NOT "Misconduct?"



- Poor work performance
 - Unable, not unwilling
- Attendance/Tardiness
 - Beyond claimant's control
- Isolated incident No prior warnings
- Good faith error
 - Had employer's best interest at heart
- Layoff Lack of work



Discharge Best Practices:

Follow a Discharge Checklist to Ensure Consistency, Thoroughness

- ✓ Detail the rule or policy which was violated
- ✓ Detail the final incident that caused the separation
- ✓ Prove the claimant knew the rule
- ✓ Show that the claimant was warned and the dates by attaching copies of any prior warning, coaching, or verbal discussions
- ✓ Show how the employee was made aware of the expectations
- ✓ Indicate how the claimant knew their job was in jeopardy and the consequence
- ✓ Establish that the rule violated protects business interests and is applied consistently and uniformly

UI Hearings Best Practices

Preparation for the Hearing:

- Person(s) with firsthand knowledge must attend
- Thoroughly review hearing packet provided by state
 - Note hearing participation details
- Dates of employment
- Rate of pay
- Job description
- Days/hours worked
- Reason for separation
- Signed resignation (voluntary quits)
- Documentation / written warnings (discharges)
- Detailed description of the final incident (discharges)



UI Hearings Best Practices



At the Unemployment Hearing:

- Stay focused on the main issue the final incident that led to the separation
- Object to irrelevant testimony or questions not related to the main issue
- Remain poised, unemotional, and in control
- Take notes of claimant's testimony to help with your rebuttal
- Offer a summation where needed to clarify a complex case; otherwise, rest on the record

Other Miscellaneous Best Practices



In the Staffing Industry

- Have a Failure to Maintain Contact Policy
- Report Job Refusals on a Detailed Job Refusal Form
- Track and report Able and Available Issues

Know Regular Part Time versus On-call/as needed work



Questions...